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REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SOLE MEMBER OF HAVELLS EXIM LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Havells Exim Limited (the "Company") set out on pages 4 to 14, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 August 2018, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the period from 1 April 2018 to 31 August 2018 (date of cessation of business), and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 August 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the period from 1 April 2018 to 31 August 2018 (date of cessation of business) in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities ("HKFRS for Private Entities") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements
The directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in
accordance with HKFRS for Private Entities issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies
Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation
of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SOLE MEMBER OF HAVELLS EXIM LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SOLE MEMBER OF HAVELLS EXIM LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 0 7 NOV 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

	Note	1/4/2018- 31/8/2018 USD	7/6/2017- 31/3/2018 USD
Revenue	(6)	1,000,142	2,944,277
Cost of sales		(989,189)	(2,914,977)
Gross profit		10,953	29,300
Administrative expenses		(22,736)	(25,404)
(Loss)/ profit before income tax	(7)	(11,783)	3,896
Income tax	(9)		
(Loss)/ profit for the period		(11,783)	3,896

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2018

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	Note	31/8/2018 USD	31/3/2018 USD
Current assets			
Trade receivables from parent and ultimate parent		_	172,079
Bank balances		55,120_	274,676
		55,120	446,755
Less:			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and other payables	(10)	43,007	422,859
NET CURRENT ASSETS AND NET ASSETS		12,113	23,896
EQUITY			
Share capital	(11)	20,000	20,000
Accumulated (losses)/ retained earnings		(7,887)_	3,896
TOTAL EQUITY		12,113	23,896

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on

0 7 NOV 2018

Mahender Singh, BAGRI

Director

Ajith Govindan, NAMBIAR

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

	Share <u>Capital</u> USD	Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated Losses) USD	Total USD
At 7 June 2017 (date of incorporation) Issue of share capital (note 11) Profit for the period	20,000	3,896	20,000 3,896
At 31 March 2018 and 1 April 2018 Loss for the period	20,000	3,896 (11,783)	23,896 (11,783)
At 31 August 2018	20,000	(7,887)	12,113

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1/4/2018- 31/8/2018 USD	7/6/2017- 31/3/2018 USD
(Loss)/ profit before income tax	(11,783)	3,896
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital Decrease/ (increase) in trade receivables from parent and	(11,783)	3,896
ultimate parent	172,079	(172,079)
(Decrease)/ increase in trade and other payables	(379,852)	422,859
Cash (used in)/ generated from operations	(219,556)	254,676
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities	(219,556)	254,676
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds on issue of shares	_	20,000
Net cash from financing activities		20,000
NET (DECREASE)/ INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(219,556)	274,676
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	274,676	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE PERIOD		
Bank balances	55,120	274,676

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Havells Exim Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Hong Kong. The Company's registered office is located at Unit 613, 6/F., Tower A, Hunghom Commercial Centre, 39 Ma Tau Wai Road, Hunghom, Kowloon, Hong Kong. In opinion of the Company's directors, the parent and ultimate parent of the Company is Havells India Limited, a company incorporated and listed in India, which has produced financial statements available for public use.

The principal activity of the Company is trading of electrical and electronic goods. The Company had ceased business on 31 August 2018.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities ("HKFRS for Private Entities") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

All financial figures are expressed in United States Dolloars ("USD") unless otherwise indicated. The measurement basis used in the preparation of these financial statements is historical cost.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the HKFRS for Private Entities requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

These financial statements of the Company for the current accounting period covered a 5-month period while the comparative amounts for the income statement and the related notes cover a nearly 10-month period, and therefore they may not be comparable.

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Trade receivables

Where credit is extended beyond normal credit terms, receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial, the receivables are in such cases stated at cost less allowance for impairment of bad and doubtful debts.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of trade receivables are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that the amounts are not recoverable. If so, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at the transaction price and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Company. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue and relevant costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when the Company has delivered the goods to the customer and the customer has accepted the goods together with the risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.

Foreign currency transaction

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in United States Dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding tax bases (known as temporary differences). Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all temporary differences that will result in taxable amounts in determining taxable profit (tax loss) of future periods when the carrying amount of the asset or liability is recovered or settled (taxable temporary differences). Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all temporary differences that will result in amounts that are deductible in determining taxable profit (tax loss) of future periods when the carrying amount of the asset or liability is recovered or settled (deductible temporary differences)—but only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and is adjusted to reflect the current assessment of future taxable profits. Any adjustments are recognised in profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the taxable profit (tax loss) of the periods in which it expects the deferred tax asset to be realised or the deferred tax liability to be settled, on the basis of tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, related parties include a person and entity as defined below:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Company if that person:
 - (i) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company, where applicable;
 - (ii) has control over the Company; or
 - (iii) has joint control or significant influence over the reporting entity or has significant voting power in it.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Company if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others), where applicable.
 - (ii) either entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of a third entity.
 - (iv) either entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Company or an entity related to the Company. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the plan.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(ii) has significant voting power in the entity

4. INFORMATION ABOUT KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are currently evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company makes estimates, assumptions and judgements concerning future. The estimates, assumptions and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment for the carrying amounts recognised in the financial statements are discussed below.

Income tax

The Company is not subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax. Judgment is required in determining whether the Company is subject to taxation in any other jurisdictions in which it operates.

The Company has no deferred tax assets to be recognised as it there is no deductible temporary differences.

Impairment of assets

Trade receivables

The Company's management determines impairment of receivables on a regular basis. This estimate is based on the credit history of its customers/ borrowers and current market conditions. Management reassesses the impairment of receivables at each reporting date.

5. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	<u>31/8/2018</u> USD	31/3/2018 USD
Financial assets	OSD	USD
Financial assets that are debt instruments		
measured at amortised cost less impairment		150 050
- Trade receivables	<u>-</u>	172,079
- Bank balances	55,120	274,676
	55,120	446,755
Financial liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>,</u>
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
- Trade and other payables	43,007	422,859

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

6. REVENUE An analysis of the Company's revenue for the period including the Company's turnover revenue arising from the principal activities of the Company) is as follows:		(representing	
		1/4/2018- 31/8/2018 USD	7/6/2017- 31/3/2018 USD
	Turnover Sales of goods	1,000,142	2,944,277
7.	(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		
	(Loss) / profit before income tax is stated after charging:	USD	USD
	Staff costs Salaries, wages and other benefits	_	_
	Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans		
	Total staff costs (inclusive of directors)		_
	Other items		
	Auditor's remuneration	2,082	1,910
	Cost of sales	989,189	2,914,977

(i) Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation is as follows:

USD

USD

Services as a director: Fees		-
Other services: Emoluments		
- Salaries and bonuses	-	_
- Contributions paid under a retirement benefits scheme	-	-
- Benefits otherwise than in cash: tuition fee	-	-
Retirement benefits	= .	-
Compensation for loss of office	-	
Consideration provided to or receivable by third parties for		
making available directors' services		
	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS (CONTINUED)

(ii) Material interests of directors in transactions, arrangements and contracts

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business to which the Company or any of its parent and ultimate parent or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which the directors of the Company or a connected entity (within the meaning of section 486 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, were entered into or subsisted at the end of the period or at any time during the period.

9. INCOME TAX

No Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided as the Company did not earn profits arising in, or derived from, Hong Kong and therefore the Company is not subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax. In the opinion of the directors, the Company is not subject to taxation in any other jurisdictions in which the Company operates.

Reconciliation of tax expense:

reconcinution of the expense.	1/4/2018- 31/8/2018 USD	7/6/2017- 31/3/2018 USD
(Loss)/ profit before income tax	(11,783)	3,896
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% Tax effect of disallowable offshore loss/ (non-taxable offshore profits)	(1,944) 1,944	642 (642)
Income tax charge for the year		

At the reporting date, there were no temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose.

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	<u>31/8/2018</u>	<u>31/3/2018</u>
	USD	USD
Trade payables		
- Amount due to a third party	-	398,122
- Amount due to parent and ultimate parent *	11,000	6,000
- Amount due to a fellow subsidiary *	29,333	16,000
	40,333	420,122
Other payables - Accrued charges	2,674	2,737
	43,007	422,859

^{*} Trade payables to parent and ultimate parent and a fellow subsidiary are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 AUGUST 2018 (DATE OF CESSATION OF BUSINESS)

11. SHARE CAPITAL

	<u>31/8/2018</u>	<u>31/3/2018</u>
	USD	USD
Issued and fully paid:		
At beginning of the period	20,000	-
20,000 new ordinary shares issued		20,000
At end of the period	20,000	20,000

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

12. OTHER RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In addition to the transactions/ information disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, during the period, the Company had the following transactions with a related party:

Related party relationship	Nature of transactions		
		1/4/2018-	7/6/2017-
		<u>31/8/2018</u>	31/3/2018
		USD	USD
Havells India Limited #	Sales	999,118	2,944,277
Havells India Limited #	Management fee expenses	5,000	6,000
Havells Guangzhou			
International Limited &	Management fee expenses	13,333	16,000

[#] Parent and ultimate parent

13. AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF AUTHORISED LOANS

There were no loans made under the authority of sections 280 and 281 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) during or at the end of the period from 1 April 2018 to 31 August 2018 (date of cessation of business) [7 June 2017 (date of incorporation) to 31/3/2018: Nil].

[&]amp; Fellow subsidiary