HAVELLS SYLVANIA SOUTH AFRICA (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED (Registration number 2012/120040/07)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

GENERAL INFORMATION

Country of incorporation and domicile South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities Wholesaler of high-efficiency, energy-saving light sources and

luminaires

Directors Yogesh Bansal

Manish Kaushik

Business address Unit 13 Willowbrook Office Park

Cnr Hendrik Potgieter & Van der Kloof Road

Ruimsig 1724

Holding company Flowil International Lighting (Holding) B.V.

incorporated in Netherlands

Reviewers Levitt Kirson

Chartered Accountants (S.A.)

INDEX

The reports and statements set out below comprise the annual financial statements presented to the shareholder:

| Index | Page |
|--|---------|
| Directors' Responsibilities and Approval | 3 |
| Directors' Report | 6 |
| Statement of Financial Position | 7 |
| Statement of Comprehensive Income | 8 |
| Statement of Changes in Equity | 9 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 10 |
| Accounting Policies | 11 - 13 |
| Notes to the Annual Financial Statements | 14 - 16 |
| Detailed Income Statement | 17 - 18 |
| Tax Computation | 19 |

Level of assurance

These annual financial statements have been independently reviewed in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

Preparer

H.A. Khoosal Professional Accountant (SA)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

The directors are required in terms of the Companies Act 71 of 2008 to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the directors sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 December 2015 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the company has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The independent reviewers is responsible for independently reviewing and reporting on the company's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the company's independent reviewers and their report is presented on pages 4 to 5.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 6 to 19, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the directors on 27 February 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:

Director





4th Floor Aloe Grove
Houghton Estate Office Park
2 Osborn Road Houghton
PO Box 225
Highlands North 2037
South Africa
Telephone +27(0)11 483 4000:
Fax +27(0)11 483 1638
Email: info@lkg.co.za

Website: www.levittkirson.co.za

INDEPENDENT REVIEWER'S REPORT

To the shareholder of Havells Sylvania South Africa (Proprietary) Limited

We have reviewed the annual financial statements of Havells Sylvania South Africa (Proprietary) Limited, set out on pages 7 to 16, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Annual Financial Statements

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these annual financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standardsand the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Reviewers' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the annual financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with International Standards on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2400, Engagements to Review Financial Statements. ISRE 2400 requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the annual financial statements, taken as a whole, are not prepared in all material respects in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. This Standard also requires us to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of financial statements in accordance with ISRE 2400 consists primarily of making inquiries of management and others within the entity involved in financial and accounting matters, applying analytical procedures, and evaluating the sufficiency and appropriateness of evidence obtained.

A review also requires performance of additional procedures when the practitioner becomes aware of matters that cause the practitioner to believe the annual financial statements as a whole may be materially misstated.

The procedures performed in a review engagement are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these annual financial statements.

Unqualified Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the annual financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of Havells Sylvania South Africa (Proprietary) Limited as at 31 December 2014 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.



INDEPENDENT REVIEWER'S REPORT

Other reports required by the Companies Act

As part of our review of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, we have read the Directors' Report for the purpose of identifying whether there are material inconsistencies between this report and the reviewed annual financial statements. This report is the responsibility of the respective preparers. Based on reading this report we have not identified material inconsistencies between this report and the reviewed annual financial statements. However, we have not reviewed this report and accordingly do not express a conclusion on this report.

Levitt Kirson

Registered Auditors Per: S M Loewenthal

Switt Kerson

Chartered Accountant (S A)

27 February 2015

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report for the year ended 31 December 2014.

1. Review of activities

Main business and operations

The company is engaged in the wholesale of high-efficiency, energy-saving light sources and luminaries and operates principally in South Africa.

The operating results and state of affairs of the company are fully set out in the attached annual financial statements and do not in our opinion require any further comment.

2. Events after the reporting date

The company was incorporated during 2012.

3. Authorised and issued share capital

The company has 1 000 authorised no par value shares, of which 100 are issued.

4. Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid to shareholder during the year.

5. Directors

The directors of the company during the year and to the date of this report are as follows:

Name Yogesh Bansal Leon Nicholas Chapman Manish Kaushik

Resigned 14 January 2015

6. Secretary

The company had no secretary during the year.

7. Holding company

The company's holding company is Flowil International Lighting (Holding) B.V. incorporated in Netherlands.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2014

| | Note(s) | 2014 R | 2013 R |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| Assets | . , | | |
| Non-Current Assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 2 | 3 859 | 157 958 |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Inventories | 3 | 2 677 929 | 7 122 710 |
| Trade and other receivables | 4 | 4 621 808 | 11 235 305 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 980 687 | 4 400 420 |
| | | 8 280 424 | 22 758 435 |
| Total Assets | | 8 284 283 | 22 916 393 |
| Equity and Liabilities | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Stated capital | 6 | 50 000 | 50 000 |
| Accumulated loss | | (5 023 405) | (2 548 995) |
| | | (4 973 405) | (2 498 995) |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Loan from group company | 7 | _ | 4 306 400 |
| Loan from shareholder | 8 | 7 001 405 | 10 730 392 |
| Trade and other payables | 9 | 6 256 283 | 10 378 596 |
| | | 13 257 688 | 25 415 388 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | | 8 284 283 | 22 916 393 |

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| | 2014 | 2013 |
|---------|--------------|--|
| Note(s) | R | R |
| | 12 400 168 | 18 826 938 |
| | (10 173 877) | (14 193 261) |
| | 2 226 291 | 4 633 677 |
| | 129 138 | - |
| | (4 364 744) | (5 273 848) |
| 10 | (2 009 315) | (640 171) |
| 11 | 13 331 | 4 166 |
| 12 | (478 426) | (122 411) |
| | (2 474 410) | (758 416) |
| | - | - |
| | (2 474 410) | (758 416) |
| | 10 11 | Note(s) R 12 400 168 (10 173 877) 2 226 291 129 138 (4 364 744) 10 (2 009 315) 11 13 331 12 (478 426) (2 474 410) |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | Share capital | Accumulated loss | Total equity |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | R | R | R |
| Balance at 01 January 2013 | 50 000 | (1 790 579) | (1 740 579) |
| Loss for the year Other comprehensive income | | (758 416) | (758 416) |
| Total comprehensive Loss for the year | - | (758 416) | (758 416) |
| Balance at 01 January 2014 | 50 000 | (2 548 995) | (2 498 995) |
| Loss for the year Other comprehensive income | ————————————————————————————————————— | (2 474 410) | (2 474 410) |
| Total comprehensive Loss for the year | | (2 474 410) | (2 474 410) |
| Balance at 31 December 2014 | 50 000 | (5 023 405) | (4 973 405) |
| Note(s) | 6 | | |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | Note(s) | 2014 R | 2013 R |
|---|---------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Cash generated from (used in) operations Interest income Finance costs | 13 | 4 957 194 13 331 (478 426) | (8 522 706) 4 166 (122 411) |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 4 492 099 | (8 640 951) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment Sale of property, plant and equipment Net movement in loan with group company | 2 2 | - 123 555 (4 306 400) | (204 842) - 2 515 821 |
| Net cash from investing activities | | (4 182 845) | 2 310 979 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Net movement in shareholder loan | | (3 728 987) | 10 730 392 |
| Net cash from financing activities | | (3 728 987) | 10 730 392 |
| Total cash movement for the year Cash at the beginning of the year | | (3 419 733) 4 400 420 | 4 400 420 |
| Total cash at end of the year | 5 | 980 687 | 4 400 420 |
| | | | |

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Presentation of Annual Financial Statements

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and the Companies Act 71 of 2008. The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

1.1 Property, plant and equipment

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when:

- · it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis over their expected useful lives to their estimated residual value.

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

ItemAverage useful lifeFurniture and fixtures6 yearsIT equipment3 yearsComputer software2 years

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method of each asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting period. If the expectations differ from previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in profit or loss unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

1.2 Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial instruments are recognised initially when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

The company classifies financial instruments, or their component parts, on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less accumulated impairment losses.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.2 Financial instruments (continued)

Loans from group company

Loans to group companies are classified as loans and receivables.

Loans from group companies are classified as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

1.3 Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities

Current tax for current and prior periods is, to the extent unpaid, recognised as a liability. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess is recognised as an asset.

Current tax liabilities (assets) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the tax authorities, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

A deferred tax asset is recognised for the carry forward of unused tax losses and unused STC credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused STC credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Tax expenses

Current and deferred taxes are recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from:

- a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different period, to other comprehensive income, or
- a business combination.

Current tax and deferred taxes are charged or credited to other comprehensive income if the tax relates to items that are credited or charged, in the same or a different period, to other comprehensive income.

Current tax and deferred taxes are charged or credited directly to equity if the tax relates to items that are credited or charged, in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

1.4 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value on the weighted average basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.4 Inventories (continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value, are recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

1.5 Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- the company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- · it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents the amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts and volume rebates, and value added tax.

Interest is recognised, in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

1.6 Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions

A foreign currency transaction is recorded, on initial recognition in Rands, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

At the end of the reporting period:

- foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate;
- non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous annual financial statements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Cash flows arising from transactions in a foreign currency are recorded in Rands by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the Rand and the foreign currency at the date of the cash flow.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| 2014 | 2013 |
|------|------|
| R | R |

2. Property, plant and equipment

| | | | 2014 | | | 2013 | |
|----|--|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | Cost / Valuation | Accumulated depreciation | Carrying value | Cost / Valuation | Accumulated depreciation | Carrying value |
| | Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment | 7 719 | (3 860) | 3 859 | 177 244 27 598 | (39 523) (7 361) | 137 721 20 237 |
| | Total | 7 719 | (3 860) | 3 859 | 204 842 | (46 884) | 157 958 |
| | Reconciliation of property | , plant and equ | uipment - 2014 | | | | |
| | | | | Opening balance | Disposals | Depreciation | Total |
| | Furniture and fixtures | | | 137 721 | (115 825) | | - 3 859 |
| | Computer equipment | | _ | 20 237 157 958 | (7 730) (123 555) | | 3 859 |
| | | | - | 107 300 | (120 000) | (00 044) | |
| | Reconciliation of property | , plant and equ | uipment - 2013 | | | | |
| | | | | Opening balance | Additions | Depreciation | Total |
| | Furniture and fixtures IT equipment | | | - | 177 244 27 598 | (39 523) (7 361) | 137 721 20 237 |
| | ri equipment | | - | - | 204 842 | (46 884) | 157 958 |
| | | | _ | | LOTOTE | (40 004) | 101 000 |
| 3. | Inventories | | | | | | |
| | Finished goods | | | | | 2 677 929 | 7 122 710 |
| 4. | Trade and other receiva | bles | | | | | |
| | Trade receivables | | | | | 4 623 913 | 11 170 153 |
| | Deposits Prepayments | | | | | 27 800 8 525 | 27 800 - |
| | Value added taxation | | | | | - (20.420) | 36 272 1 080 |
| | Other receivable | | | | | (38 430) 4 621 808 | 11 235 305 |
| | | | | | <u></u> | | 11 200 000 |
| | The director is of the opin are fairly valued. | ion that trade | and other receiv | /ables | | | |
| 5. | Cash and cash equivale | nts | | | | | |
| | Cash and cash equivalen | ts consist of: | | | | | |
| | Bank balances | | | | | 980 687 | 4 400 420 |

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | | 2014 R | 2013 R |
|-----|---|---|--------------------------------|
| 6. | Stated capital | | |
| | Authorised 1000 Ordinary no par value shares | 1 000 | 1 000 |
| | Issued 100 Ordinary shares in issue | 50 000 | 50 000 |
| 7. | Loan from group company | | |
| | Havells Sylvania Europe Ltd (UK) | - | 4 306 400 |
| | The above loan is unsercured, interest free and has no fixed terms of repayment. | | |
| 8. | Loan from shareholder | | |
| | Flowil International Lighting (Holding) B.V | 7 001 405 | 10 730 392 |
| | The above loan is unsecured, bears interest at 5% and is repayable within six months. | | |
| 9. | Trade and other payables | | |
| | Trade payables Accrued expenses Value added taxation Other payables | 6 045 127 74 693 127 781 8 682 | 10 315 660 42 682 20 254 |
| | | 6 256 283 | 10 378 596 |
| 10. | Operating loss | | |
| | Operating loss for the year is stated after accounting for the following: | | |
| | Director's remuneration | 1 216 500 | 707 268 |
| | Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Employee costs | 30 544 705 001 | 46 884 839 596 |
| 11. | Investment revenue | | |
| | Interest revenue Bank | 13 331 | 4 166 |
| 12. | Finance costs | | |
| | Bank Other | 25 478 4 01 | 187 122 224 |
| | | 478 426 | 122 411 |

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| 110 | TEO TO THE ANNOAL THANGIAL OTATEMENT | 2014 R | 2013 R |
|-----|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 13. | Cash generated from (used in) operations | | |
| | Loss before taxation Adjustments for: | (2 474 410) | (758 416) |
| | Depreciation | 30 544 | 46 884 |
| | Interest received | (13 331) | (4 166) |
| | Finance costs | 478 426 [°] | 122 411 |
| | Changes in working capital: | | |
| | Inventories | 4 444 781 | (7 122 710) |
| | Trade and other receivables | 6 613 497 | (11 185 305) |
| | Trade and other payables | (4 122 313) | 10 378 596 |
| | | 4 957 194 | (8 522 706) |
| 14. | Related parties | | |
| | Relationships | Flowil International Lighting (Holdi | na) B.V. |

| Holding company Flowil Interna Fellow subsidiary Havells Exim Fellow subsidiary Havells Sylva | ional Lighting (Holding) B. nia Europe |
|---|---|
|---|---|

Related party balances

| Loan accounts - Owing to related parties Havells Sylvania Europe Ltd (UK) Flowil BV | 7 001 405 | 4 306 400 10 730 392 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Amounts included in Trade Payable regarding related parties Havells Exim Ltd | - | 8 025 976 |
| Related party transactions | | |
| Interest paid to related parties Flowil BV | 478 340 | 110 392 |
| Purchases from related parties Havells Sylvania Europe Ltd (UK) Havells Exim | 647 235 3 153 966 | 671 234 15 670 847 |
| Insurance from related parties Havells Sylvania Europe Ltd (UK) | 80 236 | - |

15. Taxation

No provision has been made for 2014 tax as the company has no taxable income. The estimated tax loss available for set off against future taxable income is R (4 706 406) (2013: R (2 127 539).

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

| DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT | 0044 | 0040 |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| Note(s) | 2014 R | 2013 R |
| Note(5) | TX. | 11 |
| Revenue | | |
| Sale of goods | 12 400 168 | 18 826 938 |
| Cost of sales | (10 173 877) | (14 193 261) |
| Gross profit | 2 226 291 | 4 633 677 |
| · | | |
| Other income | 407.040 | |
| Reversal of prior year bad debt provision | 127 910 1 228 | - |
| Sundry income Interest received 11 | 13 331 | 4 166 |
| The lest received | | |
| | 142 469 | 4 166 |
| Operating expenses | | |
| Accounting fees | 404 390 | 179 580 |
| Advertising | 62 847 | 115 050 |
| Bad debts | - | 355 763 |
| Bank charges | 30 018 | 38 030 |
| Cleaning | 12 684 | 4 596 |
| Commission paid | 133 795 | - |
| Computer expenses | - | 30 485 |
| Compensation commissioner | 4 486 | - |
| Consulting fees | 7 000 | 157 576 |
| Consumables | - | 4 399 |
| Depreciation | 30 544 | 46 884 |
| Director's remuneration | 1 216 500 | 707 268 |
| E- toll expenses | 8 404 | 000 500 |
| Employee costs | 705 001 | 839 596 |
| Entertainment Conerel expanses | 12 297 2 646 | 14 525 5 071 |
| General expenses Insurance | 2 040 71 711 | 60 789 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | 123 556 | 00 709 |
| Loss on exchange differences | 480 653 | 1 404 244 |
| Management fees | | 431 650 |
| Motor vehicle expenses | 4 815 | 8 655 |
| Postage | 472 | 9 091 |
| Rent paid | 826 576 | 556 861 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 2 558 | 571 |
| Reviewers remuneration | 50 000 | - |
| Rotation and warranty stock | 1 676 | - |
| Samples | 46 414 | 24 012 |
| Secretarial fees | 25 080 | 3 675 |
| Small assets written off | - | 15 976 |
| Staff recruitment | - | 42 080 |
| Staff refreshments | 2 551 | 899 |
| Staff welfare | <u>.</u> | 8 171 |
| Telephone and fax | 52 976 | 73 092 |
| Travel - local | 26 238 | 33 676 |
| Travel - overseas | 40.050 | 99 859 |
| Water and electricity | 18 856 | 1 724 |

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

| | Note(s) | 2014 R | 2013 R |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| | | 4 364 744 | 5 273 848 |
| Operating loss | 10 | (1 995 984) | (636 005) |
| Finance costs | 12 | (478 426) | (122 411) |
| Loss for the year | | (2 474 410) | (758 416) |
| Other comprehensive income | | - | - |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | | (2 474 410) | (758 416) |

HAVELLS SYLVANIA SOUTH AFRICA (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED

(Tax registration number)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

TAX COMPUTATION

| TAX COMPUTATION | 2014 R |
|--|---|
| Net loss per income statement | (2 474 410) |
| Temporary differences Depreciation according to financial statements Wear and tear allowance (s 11(e)) Provision for bad debts 2013 Provision for bad debts 2014 Allowable provision 2013 Allowable provision 2014 Prepayments (insurance) | 30 544 (30 544) (355 763) 227 853 88 941 (56 963) (8 525) |
| Calculated tax loss for the year Assessed loss brought forward Estimated loss for 2014 - carried forward | (104 457) (2 578 867) (2 127 539) (4 706 406) |
| Tax thereon @ 28% in the Rand | Nil |